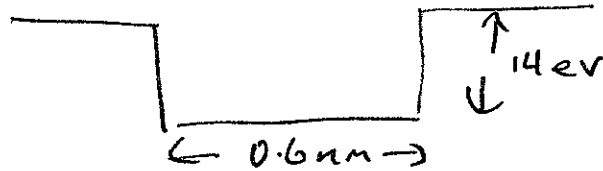


QMA PROBLEMS 3A SOLUTIONS

TOTAL
25

A9

1) $L = 0.6 \text{ nm}$ $V_0 = 14 \text{ eV}$



$$a) \quad J_0 = \frac{L}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2mV_0}{\hbar^2}} = 3 \times 10^{-10} \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 5.11 \times 10^5 \times 14}{9 \times 10^{16} \times (6.58 \times 10^{-16})^2}}$$

$$J_0 = 5.75 \quad \checkmark$$

~~APPROX~~ $\frac{2J_0}{\pi} = 3.65$

1 STATE PER $\frac{\pi}{2}$ INTERVAL
✓ SOME ASSUMPTION

$\therefore$ 4 BOUND STATES ✓

3

b) $\eta_1 = 1.34$

$\eta_2 = 2.66$

$\eta_3 = 3.95$

$\eta_4 = 5.17$

$$\eta = \frac{kL}{2} = \frac{L}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}}$$

$$\frac{4\eta_n^2 \hbar^2}{2mL^2} = E_n$$

$$E_n = \eta_n^2 \cdot \frac{4\hbar^2}{2mL^2} \quad \checkmark$$

$E_1 = 1.34^2 \times 0.424 = 0.761 \text{ eV} \quad \checkmark$

$E_2 = 2.66^2 \times 0.424 = 3.00 \text{ eV} \quad \checkmark$

$E_3 = 3.95^2 \times 0.424 = 6.62 \text{ eV} \quad \checkmark$

$E_4 = 5.17^2 \times 0.424 = 11.33 \text{ eV} \quad \checkmark$

$$\frac{4\hbar^2}{2mL^2} = \frac{4 \times (6.58 \times 10^{-16})^2 \times 9 \times 10^{16}}{2 \times 5.11 \times 10^5 \times (6 \times 10^{-10})^2}$$

$$= 0.424 \text{ eV} \quad \checkmark$$

6

c)

$$\frac{hc}{\lambda} = \Delta E = E_4 - E_3$$

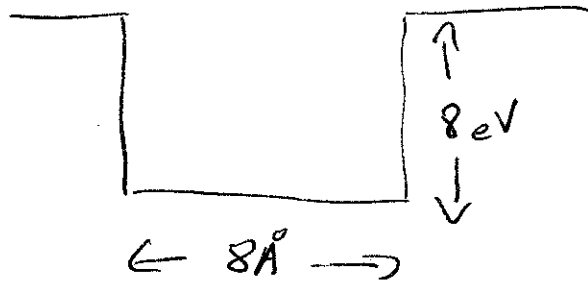
$$\lambda = \frac{hc}{\Delta E}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{4.13 \times 10^{-15} \times 3 \times 10^8}{(1.33 - 6.62)} = 2.63 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda = 263 \text{ nm} \quad (\text{U.V. } \times \text{ CLOSE TO EXPERIMENT!})$$

(BONUS IF CORRECT)

2)



$$d) \text{ As } V_0 \rightarrow \infty \quad J_0 \rightarrow \infty$$

$$(n-\frac{1}{2})\pi \leq \eta_n \leq n\pi \quad \text{so } \eta_n \rightarrow \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$E_n = \eta_n^2 \frac{4\hbar^2}{2mL^2}, E_n \rightarrow \frac{n^2 \pi^2 4\hbar^2}{4 \cdot 2mL^2}$$

$$E_n \rightarrow \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2mL^2}$$

$$a) J_0 = \frac{L}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2mV_0}{\hbar^2}} = 4 \times 10^{10} \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 5.11 \times 10^5 \times 8}{1 \times 10^{16} (6.58 \times 10^{16})^2}}$$

$$J_0 = 5.79$$

1 STATE PER $\frac{\pi}{2}$ INTERVAL
SOME HOW

$$\frac{2J_0}{\pi} = 3.68 \quad \therefore 4 \text{ BOUND STATES}$$

b)

see attached graphs on
sheet, FIND ROOT ...

so... 1 x 4 solutions

BUT ONLY IF JUSTIFIED
+4

NUMBERS ONLY $\rightarrow \frac{8}{8}$

```

In[1]:= FindRoot[Tan[t] == t, t]

FindRoot::fdss : Search specification t should be a list with 1 to 5 elements. >>

Out[1]:= FindRoot[Tan[t] == t, t]

In[3]:= FindRoot[Tan[t] == t, {t, 1}]

Out[3]:= {t -> 1.48307 x 10^-8}

In[4]:= z = 5.79

Out[4]:= 5.79

In[5]:= FindRoot[Tan[t] == ((z / t) ^ 2 - 1) ^ 0.5, {t, 1}]

Out[5]:= {t -> 1.33766}

In[6]:= FindRoot[Tan[t] == ((z / t) ^ 2 - 1) ^ 0.5, {t, 2}]

Out[6]:= {t -> 3.95939}

In[10]:= FindRoot[-1 * Cot[t] == ((z / t) ^ 2 - 1) ^ 0.5, {t, 1}]

Out[10]:= {t -> 2.66357}

In[12]:= FindRoot[-1 * Cot[t] == ((z / t) ^ 2 - 1) ^ 0.5, {t, 4}]

Out[12]:= {t -> 5.17679}

```

