STUDY GUIDE Chemical Equations

Chapter 21

Use the terms in the box to fill in the blanks in the following paragraphs.

| atoms | balanced | chemical reaction | coefficients |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------|
| correct | element | equation | formula |
| mass | Mg(cr) | numbers | products |
| reactants | substance | two | yields |
| | | | |
| A is a well-defined example of a chemical change. A chemical | | | |
| can be used to show the changes that occur in a chemical reaction. In a chemical | | | |
| equation, the substances on the left side of the arrow are the starting substances. These substances are called | | | |
| The substances on the right side of the arrow are the substances that result from the | | | |
| reaction. These substances are called The arrow is read as either produces or | | | |
| | | | |
| According to the law of conservation of | | | |
| According to the faw of conservation of, atoms are neither fost not gamed during a | | | |
| chemical reaction. This law is illustrated when a chemical equation is When this is | | | |
| done, there will be the same number of of each kind on both sides of the equation. | | | |
| In a chemical equation, the numbers that are placed in front of the symbols and the formulas are called | | | |
| | | | |
| | They are nec | cessary to keep the | of atoms in |
| balance. | | | |
| There are several rules for balancing an equation. First, write the correct for each | | | |
| reactant and product. Next, choose the coefficients that make the number of atoms of each | | | |
| | | | |
| on each side of the equation equal. The correctly written formula should not be | | | |
| changed. If you change the formula of a substance, the equation is no longer | | | |
| Changing a formula will inc | ging a formula will indicate a different than the one intended. | | |
| | | | |

To balance the equation $Mg(cr) + O_2(g) = MgO(cr)$, first choose coefficients to make the number of atoms of each element on each side of the equation equal. You would need to place a coefficient of ______ in front of the product MgO (cr). You would also need to place a coefficient of two in front of the reactant

REINFORCEMENT Chemical Equations

1. What is a balanced chemical equation?_____

2. Use the law of conservation of mass to explain why a chemical equation must be balanced.

Balance the following equations. If you need help, review the steps for balancing equations on page 411 of your textbook.

- 3. $H_2(g) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow H_2O(l)$
- 4. $N_2(g) + H_2(g) \longrightarrow NH_3(g)$
- 5. $Li(cr) + FeBr_2(aq) \longrightarrow LiBr(aq) + Fe(cr)$
- $6. \quad Al(cr) + HCl(aq) \longrightarrow AlCl_3(aq) + H_2(g)$
- 7. $Li(cr) + N_2(g) \longrightarrow Li_3N(cr)$

_____DATE_____CLASS_____

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