## G. Course work 4

## CW4: due to 11.03.10:

**Q1.** 25 Marks

Using a locally-inertial coordinate system prove that the Riemann tensor has the following symmetry properties: a) Permutation within a pair of indices

$$R_{iklm} = -R_{kilm} = -R_{ikml}.$$
(G.1)

b) Permutation of pairs

$$R_{iklm} = R_{lmik}.$$
(G.2)

Q2. 25 Marks

a) Prove that

$$R_{iklm} + R_{imkl} + R_{ilmk} = 0. (G.3)$$

b) Using a locally-inertial coordinate system prove the Bianchi identity:

$$R_{ikl;m}^n + R_{imk;l}^n + R_{ilm;k}^n = 0. (G.4)$$

Q3. 25 Marks

a) Give the definition of the Ricci tensor  $R_{ik}$  and prove that

$$R_{ik} = \Gamma^l_{ik,l} - \Gamma^l_{il,k} + \Gamma^l_{ik}\Gamma^m_{lm} - \Gamma^m_{il}\Gamma^l_{km}.$$
(G.5)

b) Using the Bianchi identity, prove that the Ricci tensor and the scalar curvature,  $R = g^{ik}R_{ik}$ , satisfy the following identity:

$$R_{m;l}^{l} = \frac{1}{2}R_{,m}.$$
(G.6)

**Q4.** 25 Marks

a) Starting from the Einstein equations in the form

$$R_{ik} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} \left( T_{ik} - \frac{1}{2}g_{ik}T \right),\tag{G.7}$$

prove that

$$T_k^i = \frac{c^4}{8\pi G} \left( R_k^i - \frac{1}{2} \delta_k^i R \right), \tag{G.8}$$

where  $\delta_k^i$  is the unit diagonal four-tensor.

b) What can you say about the nature of gravitational field, for which  $R_{ik} = 0$ , while  $R_{ikln}$  is not equal to zero?

c) Prove that the energy-momentum tensor of matter  $T_k^i$  satisfies the conservation law  $T_{i;k}^k = 0$ .