

Spacetime and Gravity: Assignment 3

In what follows, unless otherwise stated, we will use units such that the speed of light, $c=1$ (and for this weeks exercises the permeability of free space is also one).

1

Take the following 2 tensor:

$$F^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -E_x & -E_y & -E_z \\ E_x & 0 & -B_z & B_y \\ E_y & B_z & 0 & -B_x \\ E_z & -B_y & B_x & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

and the following vector:

$$j^\mu = \begin{pmatrix} Q \\ j_x \\ j_y \\ j_z \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Now calculate:

$$\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = j^\nu \quad (3)$$

in terms of the vectors: $\mathbf{E} = (E_x, E_y, E_z)$, $\mathbf{B} = (B_x, B_y, B_z)$, $\mathbf{j} = (j_x, j_y, j_z)$ and the scalar Q .

Do you recognise these equations? (The answer yes or no will not do).

(Hint, write out the components of $\text{curl}\mathbf{B}$.)

2

The line element on a unit 2-sphere is:

$$ds^2 = d\theta^2 + \sin(\theta)^2 d\phi^2 \quad (4)$$

What is the metric?

What is the inverse metric?

What are the Christoffel symbols?

You will need

$$\Gamma^\alpha_{\beta\gamma} = \frac{1}{2}g^{\alpha\delta}(\partial_\gamma g_{\delta\beta} + \partial_\beta g_{\delta\gamma} - \partial_\delta g_{\beta\gamma}) \quad (5)$$