

VIII

# ASTROPHYSICAL COSMOLOGY EXERCISE SHEET 8

1. Universe curvature dominated  $\Rightarrow$  Friedmann eq<sup>n</sup> is  $\frac{\dot{a}^2}{a^2} = \frac{-kc^2}{a^2} = \frac{1}{a^2}$  for  $kc^2 = -1$ .

solving  $\Rightarrow a \propto t$

$$aT = \text{constant} \Rightarrow T \propto \frac{1}{t}$$

Normalize from standard expression  $\frac{T}{2 \times 10^{10} \text{K}} \approx \left(\frac{t}{\text{sec}}\right)^{-1/2}$  for  $T \approx 3 \times 10^{25} \text{K}$

$$\Rightarrow t \approx 10^{-30} \text{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{T}{3 \times 10^{25} \text{K}} = \frac{10^{-30} \text{sec}}{t}$$

for  $T = 3 \text{K} \Rightarrow t \approx 10^8 \text{s}$

2.  $n_{\gamma,0} \approx$  number density of photons today  $\approx 3.7 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-3}$

$$p_{\gamma,0} = m_{\nu} n_{\gamma,0}$$

$$\Omega_{\nu,0} = \frac{p_{\nu,0}}{p_{\text{crit},0}} = \frac{m_{\nu} n_{\nu,0}}{p_{\text{crit},0}} = \frac{m_{\nu} n_{\nu,0}}{1.88 \times 10^{-26} \text{h}^2 \text{ kg m}^{-3}}$$

~~$\approx \frac{h^2 \Omega_{\nu,0}}{m_{\nu}} \approx \frac{3.7 \times 10^8}{m_{\nu}}$~~   $\Rightarrow h^2 \Omega_{\nu,0} = m_{\nu} \times \frac{3.7 \times 10^8}{1.88 \times 10^{-26}} \text{ kg}^{-1}$

$$\Rightarrow m_{\nu} = (h^2 \Omega_{\nu,0}) \times 5 \times 10^{-35} \text{ kg}$$

$$\Rightarrow m_{\nu} c^2 = (h^2 \Omega_{\nu,0}) \times 4.5 \times 10^{-16} \text{ J} \approx 30 h^2 \Omega_{\nu,0} \text{ eV}$$

Since  $\Omega_{\text{total}} \lesssim 1 \Rightarrow \Omega_{\nu,0} \lesssim 1$  . Since  $h < 1 \Rightarrow m_{\nu} c^2 \lesssim 30 \text{ eV}$

for  $m_{\nu} c^2 \approx 30 \text{ eV}$ , become non-relativistic when  $k_B T \approx m_{\nu} c^2 \approx 30 \text{ eV}$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{4.5 \times 10^{-16} \text{ J}}{k_B} \approx \frac{4.5 \times 10^{-16}}{1.4 \times 10^{-23}} \approx 3 \times 10^5 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{t}{\text{sec}} = \left(\frac{T}{\text{K}}\right)^{-2} \frac{20}{10} \rightarrow t \approx 10^{19} \text{ s} \approx 100 \text{ J}^2$$